# TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC VĂN LANG ĐƠN VI: KHOA KẾ TOÁN KIỂM TOÁN

# ĐỀ THI VÀ ĐÁP ÁN THI KẾT THÚC HỌC PHẦN – LẦN 1 Học kỳ 3, năm học 2023-2024

#### I. Thông tin chung

Tên học phần:	F3- Kế toán	tài chính 2 (A	CCA)				
Mã học phần:	71ACCT302	71ACCT30202 Số tín chỉ: 2			2		
Mã nhóm lớp học phần:	233_71ACC	T30202_01,0	2				
Hình thức thi: Trắc nghiện	ı <mark>kết hợp Tự luận</mark> Thời gian làm		n bài:	60	phút		
Thí sinh không được tham	khảo tài		có		$\boxtimes$ k	Không	
liệu							

#### 1. Format đề thi

- Font: Times New Roman
- Size: 13
- Tên các phương án lựa chọn: in hoa, in đậm
- Không sử dụng nhảy chữ/số tự động (numbering)
- Mặc định phương án đúng luôn luôn là Phương án A ghi ANSWER: A
- Tổng số câu hỏi thi:
- Quy ước đặt tên file đề thi:
- + Mã học phần\_Tên học phần\_Mã nhóm học phần\_TNTL\_De 1
- + Mã học phần\_Tên học phần\_Mã nhóm học phần\_TNTL\_De 1\_Mã đề (Nếu sử dụng nhiều mã đề cho 1 lần thi).

# 2. Giao nhận đề thi

Sau khi kiểm duyệt đề thi, đáp án/rubric. **Trưởng Khoa/Bộ môn** gửi đề thi, đáp án/rubric về Trung tâm Khảo thí qua email: <a href="khaothivanlang@gmail.com">khaothivanlang@gmail.com</a> bao gồm file word và file pdf (*nén lại và đặt mật khẩu file nén*) và nhắn tin + họ tên người gửi qua số điện thoại **0918.01.03.09** (Phan Nhất Linh).

- Khuyến khích Giảng viên biên soạn và nộp đề thi, đáp án bằng File Hot Potatoes. Trung tâm Khảo thí gửi kèm File cài đặt và File hướng dẫn sử dụng để hỗ trợ Quý Thầy Cô.

# II. Các yêu cầu của đề thi nhằm đáp ứng CLO

(Phần này phải phối hợp với thông tin từ đề cương chi tiết của học phần)

Ký	Nội dung CLO	Hình	Trọng số CLO	Câu	Điểm	Lấy dữ liệu
hiệu		thức	trong thành	hỏi	số	đo lường
CLO		đánh	phần đánh giá	thi số	tối	mức đạt
		giá	(%)		đa	PLO/PI
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
CLO1	Vận dụng chuẩn	Trắc	20%	Câu 1	0,5	
	mực kế toán quốc tế	nghiệm		Câu 2	0,5	
	(IAS), chuẩn mực			Câu 3	0,5	
	lập báo cáo tài chính			Câu 4	0,5	
	quốc tế (IFRS) liên					PLO1/PI1.1
	quan để ghi nhận					
	các nghiệp vụ kinh					
	tế phát sinh trong tổ					
	chức					
CLO2	Vận dụng chuẩn	Tự luận	20%	Câu 5	0,5	
	mực kế toán quốc tế			Câu 6	0.5	
	(IAS), chuẩn mực			Câu 11	1	
	lập báo cáo tài chính					PLO1/PI1.1
	quốc tế (IFRS) liên					1 LO1/111.1
	quan lập và trình					
	bày báo cáo tài					
	chính					
CLO3	Lập báo cáo tài	Tự luận	20%	Câu 11	2	
	chính công ty độc					
	lập và báo cáo tài					
	chính hợp nhất theo					PLO4/PI4.1
	đúng quy định					
	chuẩn mực kế toán					
	quốc tế					
CLO4	Vận dụng tư duy	Trắc	20%	Câu 11	2	
	<b>phản biện</b> khi lập	nghiệm				
	các chỉ tiêu trên báo					
	cáo tài chính của					PLO8/PI8.1
	doanh nghiệp độc					1200/110.1
	lập, báo cáo tài					
	chính hợp nhất một					
	cách thành thạo	,				
CLO5	Thể hiện tuân thủ	Trắc	20%	Câu 7	0,5	
	đạo đức nghề nghiệp	nghiệm		Câu 8	0,5	PLO9/PI9.2
	khi giải quyết các			Câu 9	0,5	

Ký	Nội dung CLO	Hình	Trọng số CLO	Câu	Điểm	Lấy dữ liệu
hiệu		thức	trong thành	hỏi	số	đo lường
CLO		đánh	phần đánh giá	thi số	tối	mức đạt
		giá	(%)		đa	PLO/PI
	tình huống nêu ra			Câu 10	0,5	
	trong học phần					

#### Chú thích các cột:

- (1) Chỉ liệt kê các CLO được đánh giá bởi đề thi kết thúc học phần (tương ứng như đã mô tả trong đề cương chi tiết học phần). Lưu ý không đưa vào bảng này các CLO không dùng bài thi kết thúc học phần để đánh giá (có một số CLO được bố trí đánh giá bằng bài kiểm tra giữa kỳ, đánh giá qua dự án, đồ án trong quá trình học hay các hình thức đánh giá quá trình khác chứ không bố trí đánh giá bằng bài thi kết thúc học phần). Trường hợp một số CLO vừa được bố trí đánh giá quá trình hay giữa kỳ vừa được bố trí đánh giá kết thúc học phần thì vẫn đưa vào cột (1)
  - (2) Nêu nội dung của CLO tương ứng.
- (3) Hình thức kiểm tra đánh giá có thể là: trắc nghiệm, tự luận, dự án, đồ án, vấn đáp, thực hành trên máy tính, thực hành phòng thí nghiệm, báo cáo, thuyết trình,..., phù hợp với nội dung của CLO và mô tả trong đề cương chi tiết học phần.
- (4) Trọng số mức độ quan trọng của từng CLO trong đề thi kết thúc học phần do giảng viên ra đề thi quy định (mang tính tương đối) trên cơ sở mức độ quan trọng của từng CLO. Đây là cơ sở để phân phối tỷ lệ % số điểm tối đa cho các câu hỏi thi dùng để đánh giá các CLO tương ứng, bảo đảm CLO quan trọng hơn thì được đánh giá với điểm số tối đa lớn hơn. Cột (4) dùng để hỗ trợ cho cột (6).
- (5) Liệt kê các câu hỏi thi số (câu hỏi số ... hoặc từ câu hỏi số ... đến câu hỏi số ...) dùng để kiểm tra người học đạt các CLO tương ứng.
  - (6) Ghi điểm số tối đa cho mỗi câu hỏi hoặc phần thi.
- (7) Trong trường hợp đây là học phần cốt lõi sử dụng kết quả đánh giá CLO của hàng tương ứng trong bảng để đo lường đánh giá mức độ người học đạt được PLO/PI cần liệt kê ký hiệu PLO/PI có liên quan vào hàng tương ứng. Trong đề cương chi tiết học phần cũng cần mô tả rõ CLO tương ứng của học phần này sẽ được sử dụng làm dữ liệu để đo lường đánh giá các PLO/PI. Trường hợp học phần không có CLO nào phục vụ việc đo lường đánh giá mức đạt PLO/PI thì để trống cột này.

#### III. Nội dung câu hỏi thi

PHÂN TRẮC NGHIỆM (10 câu x 0,5 điểm)

Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

Câu 1a@CLO1

A company made an issue for cash of 500,000 50c shares at a premium of 30c per share. Which one of the following journal entries correctly records the issue?

		Debit \$	Credit \$
A.	Bank	400,000	
	Share capital		250,000
	Share premium		150,000
<b>B.</b>	Share capital	500,000	
	Share premium	300,000	
	Bank		800,000
C.	Bank	800,000	
	Share capital		500,000
	Share premium		300,000
D.	Share capital	250,000	
	Share premium	150,000	
	Bank		400,000

# ANSWER: A Câu 1b@CLO1

A company made a right issue for cash of 700,000 rights at the price of \$2 per right. The nominal value of an ordinary share is 75c per share.

Which one of the following journal entries correctly records the issue?

		Debit	Credit
		\$	\$
A.	Bank	1,400,000	
	Share capital		525,000
	Share premium		875,000
<b>B.</b>	Share capital	750,000	
	Share premium	300,000	
	Bank		1,050,000
C.	Bank	1,400,000	
	Share capital		875,000
	Share premium		525,000
D.	Share capital	1,000,000	
	Share premium	300,000	
	Bank		1,300,000

ANSWER: A

Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 2a@CLO1

A sole trader fixes his prices to achieve a margin of 20%. All his sales are for cash. He suspects that one of his sales assistants is stealing cash from sales revenue.

His trading account for the month of June 20X3 is as follows:

	10110 1101
	\$
Recorded sales revenue	181,600
Cost of sales	154,000

Gross profit	67,600
Gross profit	07,000

Assuming that the cost of sales is correct, how much cash could the sales assistant have taken?

**A.** \$10,900

**B.** \$38,500

**C.** \$192,500

**D**. It is not possible to calculate a figure from this information

ANSWER: A
Câu 2b@CLO1

A sole trader fixes his prices to achieve a margin of 25%. All his sales are for cash. He suspects that one of his sales assistants is stealing cash from sales revenue.

His trading account for the month of June 20X3 is as follows:

	\$
Recorded sales revenue	181,600
Cost of sales	154,000
Gross profit	67,600

Assuming that the cost of sales is correct, how much cash could the sales assistant have taken?

**A.** \$23,733

**B.** \$51,333

**C.** \$181,600

**D**. It is not possible to calculate a figure from this information

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 3a@CLO1

On 31 December 20X0, the inventory of Mohi company was completely destroyed by fire. The following information is available:

- 1 Inventory at 1 December 20X0 at cost \$28,400
- 2 Purchases for December 20X0 \$49,600
- 3 Sales in December 20X0 \$64,800
- 4 Standard gross profit percentage on cost is 25%

Based on this information, which of the following is the amount of inventory destroyed?

**A.** \$26,160

**B.** \$51,840

**C.** \$12,960

**D.** \$29,400

ANSWER: A

#### Câu 3b@CLO1

On 31 December 20X0, the inventory of Mohi company was completely destroyed by fire. The following information is available:

- 1 Inventory at 1 December 20X0 at cost \$28,400
- 2 Purchases for December 20X0 \$49,600
- 3 Sales in December 20X0 \$64,800
- 4 Standard gross profit percentage on cost is 35%

Based on this information, which of the following is the amount of inventory destroyed?

- **A.** \$30,000
- **B.** \$48,000
- **C.** \$78,000

# **D.** \$35,880 ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 4a@CLO1

Wanda keeps no accounting records. The following information is available about her position and transactions for the year ended 31 December 20X4:

\$
Net assets at 1 January 20X4 210,000
Drawings during 20X4 48,000
Capital introduced during 20X4 80,000
Net assets at 31 December 20X4 400,000

Based on this information, what was Wanda's profit for 20X4?

**A.** \$158,000

**B.** \$190,000

**C.** \$318,000

**D**. \$222,000

ANSWER: A

#### Câu 4b@CLO1

Wanda keeps no accounting records. The following information is available about her position and transactions for the year ended 31 December 20X4:

	<b>\$</b>
Net assets at 1 January 20X4	210,000
Drawings during 20X4	48,000
Capital introduced during 20X4	90,000
Net assets at 31 December 20X4	400,000

Based on this information, what was Wanda's profit for 20X4?

**A.** \$148,000

**B.** \$190,000

**C.** \$328,000

**D**. \$232,000

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 5a @CLO2

At 30 June 20X2 a company's capital structure was as follows:

Ordinary share capital	\$125,000
500,000 shares of 25c each	
Share premium account	\$100,000

In the year ended 30 June 20X3 the company made a rights issue of one share for every two held at \$1 per share and this was taken up in full.

What was the company's capital structure at 30 June 20X3?

	Ordinary share capital	Share premium account
	\$	\$
A.	187,500	287,500
B.	225,000	325,000
C.	212,500	262,500
D.	225,000	250,000

#### Câu 5b@CLO2

At 30 June 20X8 the capital structure of a company was as follows:

Ordinary share capital \$100,000	Ordinary share capital	\$100,000
----------------------------------	------------------------	-----------

200,000 shares of 50c each	
Share premium account	\$180,000

During 20X9 the company made a bonus issue of one share for every two held, using the share premium account for the purpose.

What is the company's capital structure at 31 December 20X2?

	Ordinary share	e capital	Share premium account
	\$	\$	
A.	150,000	130,00	0
<b>B.</b>	175,000	245,00	0
C.	245,000	175,00	0
D.	175,000	145,00	0

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 6a@CLO2

Moon Co acquired 80% of the equity share capital of Sun Co several years ago. In the year to 31 December 20X4, Moon Co made a profit after taxation of \$120,000 and Sun Co made a profit after taxation of \$40,000. During the year Moon Co sold goods to Sun Co at a price of \$40,000. The gross profit was 40% on the sales price. At 31 December 20X4, 25% of these goods were still held in the inventory of Moon Co.

What profit is attributable to the non-controlling interest in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the Moon Group for the year to 31 December 20X4?

**A**. \$8,000

**B.** \$6,200

**C.** \$31,000

**D.** \$7,000

ANSWER: A Câu 6b@CLO2

Moon Co acquired 70% of the equity share capital of Sun Co several years ago. In the year to 31 December 20X4, Moon Co made a profit after taxation of \$120,000 and Sun Co made a profit after taxation of \$40,000. During the year Moon Co sold goods to Sun Co at a price of \$40,000. The gross profit was 40% on the sales price. At 31 December 20X4, 25% of these goods were still held in the inventory of Moon Co.

What profit is attributable to the non-controlling interest in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the Moon Group for the year to 31 December 20X4?

**A**. \$12,000

**B.** \$9,300

**C.** \$46,500

**D.** \$10,500

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 7a@CLO5

A certain IFRS requires that the following disclosure is made in a note to the financial statements:

- (i) A brief description of its nature
- (ii) Where practicable an estimate of the financial effect

- (iii) An indication of the uncertainties relating to the amount or timing of any outflow
- (iv) The possibility of any reimbursement

Which of the following does the above disclosure apply to?

- A. Contingent liabilities
- **B.** Provisions
- C. Contingent assets
- **D.** Events after the reporting period

## ANSWER: A Câu 7b@CLO5

Which of the following statements about limited liability companies' accounting is/are correct?

- 1 A revaluation surplus arises when a non-current asset is sold at a profit.
- 2 The authorised share capital of a company is the maximum nominal value of shares and loan notes the company may issue.
- 3 IAS 10 Events After the Reporting Period requires all non-adjusting events to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- **A.** 3 only
- **B.** 2 only
- **C.** 1 and 2
- **D.** None of the statements are correct

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 8a@CLO5

A fire on 30 September 20X2 destroyed some of a company's inventory and its inventory records. The following information is available:

	\$
Inventory 1 September 20X2	318.000
Sales for September 20X2	612.000
Purchases for September 20X2	412.000
Inventory in good condition at 30 September	c 20X2 214.000

Standard gross profit percentage on sales is 25%

Based on this information, what is the value of the inventory in Statement of financial position as at 30 September 20X2 according to IAS 02 - Inventory?

\$ 214,000 Α. \$412,000 **B.** C. \$ 57,000 \$ 318,000

ANSWER: A

### Câu 8b@CLO5

A fire on 30 September 20X2 destroyed some of a company's inventory and its inventory records. The following information is available:

	\$
Inventory 1 September 20X2	318.000
Sales for September 20X2	612.000
Purchases for September 20X2	412.000

Inventory in good condition at 30 September 20X2 214.000

Standard gross profit percentage on cost is 25%

Based on this information, what is the value of the inventory in Statement of financial position as at 30 September 20X2 according to IAS 02 - Inventory?

- **A.** \$ 214,000
- **B.** \$ 57,000
- **C.** \$ 26,400
- **D.** \$318,000

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 9a @CLO5

Which one of the following lists of such events consists only of items that, according to IAS 10 – Events after the reporting period, should normally be classified as non-adjusting?

- 1 The sale of inventories valued at cost at the end of the reporting period for a figure in excess of cost
- 2 Changes in foreign exchange rates, major purchases of non-current assets
- 3 Discovery of fraud or error which shows that the financial statements were incorrect
- 4 The issue of shares and loan notes
- **A.** 2 and 4
- **B.** 2, 3 and 4
- **C.** 2 and 3
- **D.** 1 and 3

ANSWER: A

#### Câu 9b @CLO5

Which one of the following lists of such events consists only of items that, according to IAS 10 – Events after the reporting period, should normally be classified as non-adjusting?

- 1 The sale of inventories valued at cost at the end of the reporting period for a figure in excess of cost
- 2 Changes in foreign exchange rates, major purchases of non-current assets
- 3 An acquisition of another company
- 4 The issue of shares and loan notes
- **A.** 2, 3 and 4
- **B.** 1 only
- **C.** 2 and 3
- **D.** 1 and 3

ANSWER: A

#### Random 1 trong 2 câu sau:

#### Câu 10a@CLO5

In preparing a company's statement of cash flows complying with IAS 7 Statements of Cash Flows, which, if any, of the following items **only** form part of the calculation of cash flow from investing activities?

1 Proceeds of sale of land and equipment

- 2 Dividends received
- 3 Bonus issue of shares
- **A.** 1 only
- **B.** 2 only
- **C.** 3 only
- **D.** None of them

ANSWER: A

#### Câu 10b@CLO5

In preparing a company's statement of cash flows complying with IAS 7 Statements of Cash Flows, which, if any, of the following items **only** form part of the calculation of cash flow from financing activities?

- 1 Proceeds of sale of land and equipment
- 2 Dividends received
- 3 Bonus issue of shares
- **A.** None of them
- **B.** 2 only
- **C.** 3 only
- **D.** 1 only

ANSWER: A

PHẦN TỰ LUẬN (5,0 điểm)

#### Câu 11a@CLO2-3-4

P is the parent company of S. The following are the statements of financial position for both companies as at 31 October 20X3.

	P		$\mathbf{S}$	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	4,200			3,300
Investments: shares in S at cost	3,500			
		7,700		
Current assets				
Inventory	1,500		800	
Receivables	1,800		750	
Bank	600		350	
		<u>3,900</u>		<u>1,900</u>
Total assets		11,600		5,200
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>				
Equity				
Share capital - \$0.5 ordinary shares	9,000		4,000	
Retainted earnings	680		200	
		9,680		4,200
Current liabilities				

Payables	1,220		200	
Tax	700		800	
		<u>1,920</u>		1,000
Total equity and liabilities		11,600		5,200

#### The following information is also available

- (a) P purchased 80% ordinary shares in S on 1 August 20X2. At that date the balance on S's retained earnings was \$80,000. The fair value of the non-controlling interest at the date of acquisition was \$1,500,000
- (b) During the year S sold goods with an invoice value of \$300,000 to P. S has a margin of 25% on sales. Half of the goods are still in P's inventory at the year end.
- (c) Powes S \$40,000 at 31 October 20X3 for goods it purchased during the year.

Task 1 - 1 diểm: Complete the following to determine goodwill at acquisition

	\$'000	\$'000
Fair value of consideration transferred		
Fair value of non-controlling interest at		
acquisition		
Fair value of net assets acquired:		
Ordinary share capital		
Retained earnings		
Goodwill		

Task 2 - 1 điểm: Fill in the gaps to complete the working for group retained earnings

	P	S
	\$'000	\$'000
Per question		
Adjustment for unrealised profit		
Pre-acquisition retained earnings		
Total S		
Group share of S		
Group retained earnings		

**Task 3 - 1 điểm**: Fill in the gaps to complete the non-controlling interest in the group statement of financial position (Group SOFP)

	\$'000
NCI at acquisition	
NCI share of post acquisition retained	
earnings	
NCI in Group SOFP	

**Task 4 - 2 điểm**: Fill in the gaps to complete the group statement of financial positon as at 31 October 20X3

Q Q		1
Group Statement of financial position	****	+
as at 31 October 20X3	\$'000	\$'000
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Goodwill		
Current assets		
Inventory		
Receivables		
Bank		
Total assets		
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Share capital - \$0.5 ordinary shares		
Retainted earnings		
Non-controlling interest		
Current liabilities		
Payables		
Tax		
Total equity and liabilities		

### Câu 11b@CLO2-3-4

P is the parent company of S. The following are the statements of financial position for both companies as at 31 October 20X3.

	P		S	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	4,200			3,300
Investments: shares in S at cost	3,500			
		7,700		
Current assets				
Inventory	1,500		800	
Receivables	1,800		750	
Bank	600		350	
		3,900		1,900
Total assets		11,600		5,200
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>				
Equity				

Share capital - \$0.5 ordinary shares	9,000		4,000	
Retainted earnings	680		200	
		9,680		4,200
Current liabilities				
Payables	1,220		200	
Tax	700		800	
		1,920		1,000
Total equity and liabilities		11,600		5,200

#### The following information is also available

- (a) P purchased 75% ordinary shares in S on 1 August 20X2. At that date the balance on S's retained earnings was \$80,000. The fair value of the non-controlling interest at the date of acquisition was \$1,500,000.
- (b) During the year S sold goods with an invoice value of \$300,000 to P. S has a mark-up of 20% on cost. Half of the goods are still in P's inventory at the year end.
- (c) Powes S \$30,000 at 31 October 20X3 for goods it purchased during the year

Task 1 - 1 điểm: Complete the following to determine goodwill at acquisition

	\$'000	\$'000
Fair value of consideration transferred		
Fair value of non-controlling interest at		
acquisition		
Fair value of net assets acquired:		
Ordinary share capital		
Retained earnings		
Goodwill		

Task 2 - 1 điểm: Fill in the gaps to complete the working for group retained earnings

	P	S
	\$'000	\$'000
Per question		
Adjustment for unrealised profit		
Pre-acquisition retained earnings		
Total S		
Group share of S		
Group retained earnings		

**Task 3 - 1 điểm**: Fill in the gaps to complete the non-controlling interest in the group statement of financial position (Group SOFP)

	•	•	,
			\$'000
NCI at acquisition		•	

NCI share of post acquisition retained	
earnings	
NCI in Group SOFP	

**Task 4 - 2 điểm**: Fill in the gaps to complete the group statement of financial positon as at 31 October 20X3

<b>Group Statement of financial position</b>		
as at 31 October 20X3	\$'000	\$'000
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Goodwill		
Current assets		
Inventory		
Receivables		
Bank		
Total assets		
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Share capital - \$0.5 ordinary shares		
Retainted earnings		
Non-controlling interest		
Current liabilities		
Payables		
Tax		
Total equity and liabilities		

# ĐÁP ÁN PHẦN TỰ LUẬN VÀ THANG ĐIỂM

Tự luận b	ài 11a@CLO2-3-4			5.0	Ghi chú
TASK 1	Task 1 - 1 điểm: Complete the following to determine	1.0			
TASK 1	W	\$'000	\$'000		
	Fair value of consideration transferred		3,500		
	Fair value of non-controlling interest at acquisition		1,500		
	Fair value of net assets acquired:				
	Ordinary share capital	4,000			
	Retained earnings	80			
			(4,080)		
	Goodwill		920		

TASK 2	Task 2 - 1 điểm: Fill in the gaps to complete the working			ed earnings	5	1.0
		P '000	\$ \$'000			
	Per question	680	\$000			
	Adjustment for unrealised profit	000	(38			
	Pre-acquisition retained earnings		(80	20		
	Total S		83			
	Group share of S	66	-			
	Group retained earnings	746				
TASK 3	Kuma and Samuel	77404774	\$'000	)		1.0
	NCI at acquisition		1,5			
	NCI share of post acquisition retained earnings			17		
		S	7.7777			
	NCI in Group SOFP		1,5	17		
TASK 4	Group Statement of financial position					2.0
	as at 31 October 20X3	\$'(	000	\$'000		
	Assets					
	Non-current assets					
	Property, plant and equipment	7	7,500			
	Goodwill		920			
				8,420		
	Current assets					
	Inventory	2	2,263			
	Receivables		2,510			
	Bank		950			
				5,723		
	Total assets		-	14,143		
	Equity and liabilities			14,143		
	Equity					
	Share capital - \$0.5 ordinary shares		9,000			
	Retainted earnings		746			
	Non-controlling interest		1,517			
	Non-controlling interest	-	1,517			
				11,263		
	Current liabilities					
	Payables		1,380			
	Tax	1	1,500			
				2,880		
	Total equity and liabilities			14,143		
	Điểm tổng					5.0
Γự luận b	ài 11b@CLO2-3-4					
TASK 1			6'000	\$'000		1.0
	Fair value of consideration transferred			3,500	E.	
	Fair value of non-controlling interest at acquisiti	on		150		
	Tarabas and assistanting interest at acquisit			150	T.	
	Fair value of net assets acquired:					
	Ordinary share capital		4,000			
	Retained earnings		4,000			
	netallieu earlings		80	IA non	11	
				(4,080		
	Goodwill			920		

TASK 2		Р	S	1.0
		\$'000	\$'000	
	Per question	680	200	
	Adjustment for unrealised profit		(25)	
	Pre-acquisition retained earnings		(80)	
	Total S		95	
	Group share of S	71		
	Group retained earnings	751		
TASK 3	***	\$'000	)	1.0
	NCI at acquisition	1,5		
	NCI share of post acquisition retained earnings		24	
	NCI in Group SOFP	1,5		
TO A CITY A	Children College Colle	1,5	24	2.0
TASK 4	Group Statement of financial position	004000000	Average	2.0
	as at 31 October 20X3	\$'000	\$'000	
	Assets			
	Non-current assets	7.500		
	Property, plant and equipment	7,500		
	Goodwill	920		
			8,420	
	Current assets	00000		
	Inventory	2,275		
	Receivables	2,520		
	Bank	950		
			5,745	
	Total assets		14,165	
	Equity and liabilities			
	Equity			
	Share capital - \$0.5 ordinary shares	9,000		
	Retained earnings	751		
	Non-controlling interest	1,524		
			11,275	
	Current liabilities			
	Payables	1,390		
	Tax	1,500		
			2,890	
	Total equity and liabilities		14,165	
	The second secon		Điểm tổng	g 5.0

TP. Hồ Chí Minh, ngày 7 tháng 7 năm 2024

Người duyệt đề

Giảng viên ra đề

Nguyễn Thị Thu Vân

Hoàng Thụy Diệu Linh