

TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC VĂN LANG  
ĐƠN VỊ: KHOA NGOẠI NGỮ

**ĐỀ THI VÀ ĐÁP ÁN**  
**THI KẾT THÚC HỌC PHẦN**  
**Học kỳ 2, năm học 2023-2024**

**I. Thông tin chung**

|   |                             |   |      |
|---|-----------------------------|---|------|
| Tên học phần:                                     | Tiếng Anh 4                 |   |      |
| Mã học phần:                                      | 71CLAN30053                 | Số tin chỉ:                               | 03   |
| Mã nhóm lớp học phần:                             | 232_71CLAN30053_01,02       |   |      |
| Hình thức thi: <b>Trắc nghiệm kết hợp Tự luận</b> | Thời gian làm bài:          | <b>60</b>                                 | phút |
| <i>Thí sinh được tham khảo tài liệu:</i>          | <input type="checkbox"/> Có | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Không |      |

**II. Các yêu cầu của đề thi nhằm đáp ứng CLO**

| Ký hiệu CLO | Nội dung CLO   | Hình thức đánh giá    | Trọng số CLO trong thành phần đánh giá (%) | Câu hỏi thi số | Điểm số tối đa | Lấy dữ liệu đo lường mức đạt PLO/PI |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| (1)         | (2)  | (3)                   | (4)  | (5)            | (6)            | (7)                                 |
| <b>CLO1</b> | Vận dụng các từ vựng và cấu trúc ngữ pháp cơ bản để miêu tả các sự vật, sự việc thuộc các chủ đề thông dụng trong cuộc sống. | Trắc nghiệm & Tự luận | 50%  | 1-30           | 5.0            | PI 2.1                              |
| <b>CLO2</b> | Phân loại chính xác các điểm ngữ pháp cơ bản thông qua bài thực hành nói/viết và các bài kiểm tra ngôn ngữ.                  | Trắc nghiệm & Tự luận | 50%  | 31-40          | 5.0            | PI 2.1                              |

**III. Nội dung câu hỏi thi**

**PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM (30 câu - 0.25 điểm/ câu)**

**Part 1: Choose the best answer for each question. (10 questions – 0.25 mark/ question)**

Be careful! Don't \_\_\_\_\_ your drink on the table.

- A. spill
- B. spread
- C. flood

**D. flow**

ANSWER: A

"The baby is crying! Will you \_\_\_\_\_ while I prepare his milk?"

**A. look after him**

**B. look him up**

**C. care about him**

**D. make him up**

ANSWER: A

Mrs. Finkelstein demanded that the heater \_\_\_\_\_ immediately. Her apartment was freezing.

**A. be repaired**

**B. repaired**

**C. should be repair**

**D. would be repaired**

ANSWER: A

You'd better go to bed early, \_\_\_\_\_?

**A. hadn't you**

**B. wouldn't you**

**C. didn't you**

**D. don't you**

ANSWER: A

"How \_\_\_\_\_ is your house from here?" B: "It's about two hours by taxi."

**A. far**

**B. long**

**C. much**

**D. many**

ANSWER: A

She said that she \_\_\_\_\_ to have a baby.

**A. was going**

**B. is going**

**C. has gone**

**D. will go**

ANSWER: A

What \_\_\_\_\_ at 10 o'clock last night?

**A. were you doing**

**B. have you done**

**C. have you been doing**

**D. had you done**

ANSWER: A

I got some bread at a \_\_\_\_\_.

**A. bakery**

- B. boutique
  - C. jewellery
  - D. drugstore
- ANSWER: A

Young children need nutritious food if they are to grow up \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. strong and healthy
- B. strongly and healthily
- C. strongly and health
- D. strong and healthily

ANSWER: A

I'll lend you some money \_\_\_\_\_ I get paid.

- A. as soon as
- B. until
- C. whenever
- D. while

ANSWER: A

**Part 2: Choose the best answer for each question. (10 questions – 0.25 mark/ question)**

Charles Darwin is one of the most famous British scientists in history. Darwin was born in Shrewsbury in the south **1** \_\_\_\_\_ England in 1809. Darwin studied medicine for two years at Edinburgh University in Scotland, with his brother Erasmus. However, Darwin was **2** \_\_\_\_\_ with studying medicine, so he **3** \_\_\_\_\_ to Cambridge University, where he became interested in nature and wildlife.

In December 1831, Darwin travelled on a ship to South America to explore its coast and the wildlife there. The whole **4** \_\_\_\_\_ took **5** \_\_\_\_\_ than he expected, and he spent five years travelling around South America, then Australasia and South Africa. His travels **6** \_\_\_\_\_ him many things about different animals and their **7** \_\_\_\_\_. He collected many things and brought them back to Britain to study in more detail.

**8** \_\_\_\_\_, in 2011, people found some of the old **9** \_\_\_\_\_ that Darwin collected on his travels around the world. These **10** \_\_\_\_\_ probably be put in the Natural History Museum in London, along with many of the other things he brought back.

Blank 1

- A. of
- B. by
- C. at
- D. to

ANSWER: A

Blank 2

- A. bored
- B. angry
- C. nervous
- D. surprised

ANSWER: A

Blank 3

- A. went
- B. has gone
- C. is going
- D. goes

ANSWER: A

Blank 4

- A. journey
- B. luggage
- C. port
- D. return

ANSWER: A

Blank 5

- A. longer
- B. long
- C. longest
- D. the longest

ANSWER: A

Blank 6

- A. taught
- B. grew
- C. spent
- D. caught

ANSWER: A

Blank 7

- A. habitats
- B. forests
- C. beaks
- D. reptiles

ANSWER: A

Blank 8

- A. Recently
- B. First of all
- C. Nowadays
- D. Finally

ANSWER: A

Blank 9

- A. fossils

- B. diseases
- C. ancient
- D. hunters

ANSWER: A

Blank 10

- A. will
- B. going
- C. have
- D. been

ANSWER: A

**Part 3: Read the passage and choose the correct answers. (5 questions – 0.25 mark/question)**

There is a new type of police officer on our country roads these days. They're not real police officers. They are members of the public and they are called 'community police'. The idea is that they help the police control the speed of motorists through their villages.

These people wear yellow jackets and stand beside the road with a traffic gun pointed at the cars to find out the speed. This is not official. There is no camera and the people have to note down the numbers of the cars that are going too fast. This information is then passed on to the real police who send a warning letter to the owner of the car.

Not everyone is happy with this scheme! 'It's not a good system,' says Mark Good from one of the main motoring organisations. 'Mistakes often happen. The people take down the wrong numbers! The information is just not reliable. It's never a good idea to get the public to do the police's job. I think it's ridiculous.'

But, as the villagers say, speeding is a huge problem, particularly in the countryside. There aren't enough traffic police and dangerous motorists need to be stopped. So what do you think? Let us have your views on the website. [www.tellus.com](http://www.tellus.com)

Members of the general public

- A. are helping the police.
- B. are fighting the police.
- C. are joining the police force.
- D. are complaining about the police.

ANSWER: A

Community police'

- A. can find out the speed of cars.
- B. can take pictures of speeding cars.
- C. can chase speeding cars.
- D. can contact the motorists.

ANSWER: A

The police use information to

- A. send letters to the car owners.

- B. arrest the motorists.
- C. talk to the car owners.
- D. follow the motorists.

ANSWER: A

Some people think

- A. you can't rely on this information.
- B. the community police are better than the real police.
- C. traffic guns don't always give the right speed.
- D. motoring organisations can help.

ANSWER: A

The villagers think

- A. more people are needed to check speeding cars.
- B. the traffic police don't do a good job.
- C. cars are dangerous in the country.
- D. that the cars are damaging their villages.

ANSWER: A

**Part 4: Read the passage and choose the correct answers. (5 questions – 0.25 mark/question)**

What should or should not be included in the National Curriculum for schools in the UK has always been a controversial issue. How much time should be dedicated to core subjects such as Maths, English and Science? Should a foreign language be started at primary school or should a foreign language be compulsory at all? Many people still question the validity of having a curriculum imposed by government in the first place and would prefer to see more control over what is taught given to the schools themselves. So, plans for significant changes to the curriculum over the next few years will undoubtedly provoke heated debate. What are these plans? Well, firstly concern over the general health of the population has caused experts to call for five hours compulsory sports lessons per week. Increased rates of obesity in the population have been put down to our more sedentary lifestyle today and it is hoped that more exercise at school will put young people on the right path and encourage good habits for when they leave school. It is also hoped to offset the amount of their free time children spend in front of computers and TVs today.

Another health issue that is affecting the curriculum is food and nutrition. Changes in eating habits have meant that more and more fast food is being eaten and cooking proper meals seems to be going out of fashion. So, a minimum of an hour a week of compulsory cooking lessons for all eleven- to fourteen-year-olds is going to be introduced at secondary schools to ensure that students leave school able to cook at least eight nutritious meals!

As well as improving the health of the nation, the government also wants to improve its intellect. Up to five hours a week of compulsory 'culture lessons' are set to become part of the curriculum. This will include, amongst other things visits to cultural centres such as museums and galleries as well as more traditional lessons.

Most schools believe that the thinking behind these ideas is sound but are inevitably wondering how they are going to manage to timetable all the compulsory changes the

government wants. A week is only a week and an increase in time allocated to one subject will mean less time for another. So which will go? The debate begins.

1. Many people think that

- A. schools should decide what they teach themselves.
- B. these matters need further discussion.
- C. controversial subjects shouldn't be taught.
- D. school should focus on curriculum.

ANSWER: A

2 Sports lessons should

- A. encourage children to do more exercise.
- B. distract children from their computers.
- C. become a habit.
- D. become a nightmare.

ANSWER: A

3. In cookery lessons students will learn

- A. to cook a few good meals.
- B. some fashionable recipes.
- C. the dangers of fast food.
- D. to learn a new skill.

ANSWER: A

4. Lessons about culture will

- A. take children out of schools.
- B. make us more intelligent.
- C. take place in the classroom.
- D. make us lazier.

ANSWER: A

5. These changes may be a problem because

- A. school time is limited.
- B. not everyone agrees about them.
- C. students will have to make a choice.
- D. students will give up.

ANSWER: A

### **PHẦN TỰ LUẬN (10 câu - 0.25 điểm/ câu)**

#### **Part 5: Rewrite the sentences. (10 questions – 0.25 mark/ question)**

##### **Câu hỏi 1: (0.25 điểm)**

The new block of flats will be finished next week. It has 25 floors. (which)

**Câu hỏi 2: (0.25 điểm)**

J.K. Rowling is a millionaire. She wrote the Harry Potter books. (who)

.....

**Câu hỏi 3: (0.25 điểm)**

'Let's go out for a meal after you finish work.' (suggest)

She .....

**Câu hỏi 4: (0.25 điểm)**

'I won't speak to her because she doesn't listen to anything I say.' (refuse)

He .....

**Câu hỏi 5: (0.25 điểm)**

'I'm really sorry I missed the meeting but the train was delayed.' (apologise)

She .....

**Câu hỏi 6: (0.25 điểm)**

I knew she was going to leave early because I checked my e-mail.

If .....

**Câu hỏi 7: (0.25 điểm)**

My Spanish was very weak because I don't practise enough.

If .....

**Câu hỏi 8: (0.25 điểm)**

I didn't know you were feeling low so I didn't come over yesterday.

If .....

**Câu hỏi 9: (0.25 điểm)**

Someone has to address and post these letters before 5.30. (Passive)

.....

**Câu hỏi 10: (0.25 điểm)**

Prior to last November they hadn't increased the salaries for three years. (Passive)

.....

**ĐÁP ÁN PHẦN TỰ LUẬN VÀ THANG ĐIỂM**

| Phần câu hỏi   | Nội dung đáp án | Thang điểm | Ghi chú |
|----------------|-----------------|------------|---------|
| I. Trắc nghiệm |                 | 7.5        |         |



|                      |  |             |  |
|----------------------|--|-------------|--|
| Part 1<br>Câu 1 - 10 | ANSWER: A  | 2.5         |  |
| Part 2<br>Câu 1 - 10 | ANSWER: A  | 2.5         |  |
| Part 3<br>Câu 1 - 5  | ANSWER: A  | 1.25        |  |
| Part 4<br>Câu 1 - 5  | ANSWER: A  | 1.25        |  |
| <b>II. Tự luận</b>   |  | <b>2.5</b>  |  |
| Part 5               |  |             |  |
| Câu 1                | The new block of flats, which has 25 floors, will be finished next week.           | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 2                | J.K. Rowling, who wrote the Harry Potter books, is a millionaire.                  | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 3                | She suggested going out for a meal after I finished work.                          | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 4                | He refused to speak to her because she didn't listen to anything he said.          | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 5                | She apologised for missing the meeting but the train had been delayed.             | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 6                | If I hadn't checked my e-mail, I wouldn't have known she was going to leave early. | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 7                | If I practised more, my Spanish wouldn't have been so weak.                        | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 8                | If I'd known you were feeling low, I'd have come over yesterday.                   | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 9                | These letters have to be addressed and posted before 5.30.                         | 0.25        |  |
| Câu 10               | Prior to last November the salaries hadn't been increased for three years.         | 0.25        |  |
| <b>Điểm tổng</b>     |  | <b>10.0</b> |  |

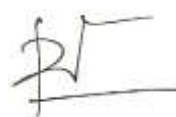
Trưởng bộ môn



TS. Mai Thu Hoài

TP. Hồ Chí Minh, ngày 11 tháng 03 năm 2024

Giảng viên ra đề



ThS. Ngô Nhật Phương Quỳnh