TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC VĂN LANG

**KHOA: NGOẠI NGỮ**

**ĐỀ THI VÀ ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ THI KẾT THÚC HỌC PHẦN**

**Học kỳ 3, năm học 2021 - 2022**

Mã học phần: 213\_71ENGL30312

Tên học phần: NGHE 3

Mã nhóm lớp học phần: 213\_71ENGL30312

Thời gian làm bài (phút/ngày): 60 phút

Hình thức thi: **Trắc nghiệm kết hợp tự luận**

**Cách thức nộp bài phần tự luận (Giảng viên ghi rõ yêu cầu):**

***Gợi ý:***

- SV gõ trực tiếp trên khung trả lời của hệ thống thi;

**PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM (5 điểm)**

**Section I:** **Listen to the conversation. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D. You will hear the recording twice. (2.5 marks – 0.25 marks/ correct answer).**

She always checks her phone every:

**A**. 5 minutes.

**B**. 3 minutes.

**C**. 4 minutes.

**D**. 6 minutes.

ANSWER: A

She can’t stand without using phone for:

**A**. 1 or 2 hours.

**B**. 30 minutes or 1 hour.

**C**. 45 minutes or 1 hour.

**D**. 1 hour or 1.5 hours.

ANSWER: A

He hasn’t checked his phone for:

**A**. several days.

**B**. a few hours.

**C**. a few minutes.

**D**. usually 1 day.

ANSWER: A

He doesn’t need to use his phone because:

**A**. He can use other devices instead.

**B**. He can’t afford to buy a new phone.

**C**. His phone was stolen.

**D**. He considers the phone is harmful to his health.

ANSWER: A

“You have two brains.” means

**A**. phone and brain.

**B**. hands and brain.

**C**. feeling and brain.

**D**. music and brain.

ANSWER: A

Music helps her to:

**A**. be more relaxed.

**B**. fall asleep easily.

**C**. change her mind.

**D**. be more positive.

ANSWER: A

He is interested in the music of:

**A**. the 70s and 80s.

**B**. the 80s and 90s.

**C**. the 48s and 49s.

**D**. the 49s and 50s.

ANSWER: A

When listening to music, she tends to:

**A**. listen to various kinds of music.

**B**. listen to the same ten songs.

**C**. listen to the old songs.

**D**. listen to the modern music.

ANSWER: A

He is not addicted to music because:

**A**. he is not a big fan of music.

**B**. he doesn’t update new music.

**C**. he doesn’t have good music.

**D**. he doesn’t have time for music.

ANSWER: A

She doesn’t have time, but she attempts to watch:

**A**. films and series.

**B**. music shows.

**C**. Youtube videos.

**D**. music and dramas.

ANSWER: A

**Section II: You are going to listen to the lecture. As you listen, indicate whether the statements are true, false or not given. You will hear the recording twice. (2.5 marks – 0.25 marks/ correct answer).**

“People are money” is a common business expression.

**A**. False

**B**. True

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

A good meeting manager creates an agenda and sticks to it.

**A**. True

**B**. False

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

Businesspeople from the US are less formal about time.

**A**. False

**B**. True

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

All businesspeople prefer to begin working as soon as a meeting starts.

**A**. False

**B**. True

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

The manager needs to make the rules about how to use meeting time.

**A**. True

**B**. False

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

All people should choose a leader for their small groups before the meeting.

**A**. Not given

**B**. False

**C**. True

ANSWER: A

Dynamics is the energy that occurs when people work together.

**A**. False

**B**. True

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

Putting all low-context communicators together improves the dynamics of a discussion.

**A**. False

**B**. True

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

All members prefer to have smart devices for their work.

**A**. Not given

**B**. False

**C**. True

ANSWER: A

The meeting manger needs to ask someone to check all technology before the meeting starts.

**A**. True

**B**. False

**C**. Not given

ANSWER: A

**PHẦN TỰ LUẬN (5 điểm)**

**Cách thức nộp bài phần tự luận (Giảng viên ghi rõ yêu cầu):**

- SV gõ trực tiếp trên khung trả lời của hệ thống thi

**Section III: Listen to the lecture and write short answers (with NO MORE THAN FIVE words). You will hear the recording twice. (2.5 marks – 0.25 marks/ correct answer)**

Câu 21 (0.25 điểm): Where is the Three Gorges Dam?

**Đáp án Câu 21: (in) China**

Câu 22 (0.25 điểm): How tall is the dam?

**Đáp án Câu 22: 607 feet**

Câu 23 (0.25 điểm): How long is the dam’s reservoir?

**Đáp án Câu 23: 410 miles**

Câu 24 (0.25 điểm): How many people were needed to build the dam?

**Đáp án Câu 24: more than 26,000 people**

Câu 25 (0.25 điểm): Why do they need to build the dam to provide a renewable source of energy?

**Đáp án Câu 25: (because of the) China’s increasing demand of electricity**

Câu 26 (0.25 điểm): How many people died in the Yangtze River floods in the 20th century?

**Đáp án Câu 26: (about) 300,000 people**

Câu 27 (0.25 điểm): What will probably disappear because of the dam?

**Đáp án Câu 27: (many) towns and villages**

Câu 28 (0.25 điểm): How does the dam affect the soil and rock near the river?

**Đáp án Câu 28: erosion / destruction of soil and rock**

Câu 29 (0.25 điểm): What is the cause of the pollution of the river?

**Đáp án Câu 29: factories flooded by the dam/the reservoir**

Câu 30 (0.25 điểm): What is another concern in the area near the river?

**Đáp án Câu 30: earthquake(s)**

**Section IV: Listen to the lecture and complete the notes with NO MORE THAN THREE words. You will hear the recording twice. (2.5 marks – 0.25 marks/ correct answer)**

|  |
| --- |
| **Food addictions**  **What does addictive mean?**  -Addictive: a person can't easily stop **(31)** **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** something they crave it, or they feel like they need it to **(32)** **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.  **1. Dangers of too much (33) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  How does it affect our bodies and what are its dangers?  a. Using it too much can cause **(34)** **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  b. You may have difficulty sleeping.  c. It can cause the body to **(35)** **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.  d. If you use it for a long period of time, you might have headaches.  **2. Dangers of too much sugar**  There is sugar in all types of food and drinks.  Each year, Americans have an average of **(36) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**of sugar.  A lot of common foods and drinks like candy, soft drinks, breakfast cereal, etc contain sugar.  If we eat or drink too much sugar:  a. First we feel **(37)** **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**, and then **(38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.  b. We will get fat.  c. It will be bad for our teeth  If we have a little sugar each day we probably won't experience addiction.  **3. Dangers of too much (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  All of the mentioned consequences are true.  They are addictive and can harm your body.  Why are they socially acceptable?  There are no laws controlling our using amount. In fact, in many cultures these three things are considered luxuries or very special items.  It’s OK to eat or drink them even though they might cause this harm because they’re **(40)** **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.  The key = not too much |

Câu 31 (0.25 điểm): blank (31)

**Đáp án Câu 31: consuming**

Câu 32 (0.25 điểm): blank (32)

**Đáp án Câu 32: feel calm**

Câu 33 (0.25 điểm): blank (33)

**Đáp án Câu 33: caffeine**

Câu 34 (0.25 điểm): blank (34)

**Đáp án Câu 34: heart race(s)**

Câu 35 (0.25 điểm): blank (35)

**Đáp án Câu 35: lose water**

Câu 36 (0.25 điểm): blank (36)

**Đáp án Câu 36: 135 pounds**

Câu 37 (0.25 điểm): blank (37)

**Đáp án Câu 37: high/ happy**

Câu 38 (0.25 điểm): blank (38)

**Đáp án Câu 38: low/ unhappy**

Câu 39 (0.25 điểm): blank (39)

**Đáp án Câu 39: chocolate**

Câu 40 (0.25 điểm): blank (40)

**Đáp án Câu 40: legal**

*Ngày biên soạn: 16/06/2022*

**Giảng viên biên soạn đề thi: Trần Thanh Phương**

*Ngày kiểm duyệt:28/6/2022*

**Trưởng (Phó) Khoa/Bộ môn kiểm duyệt đề thi: Nguyễn Thanh Minh**